

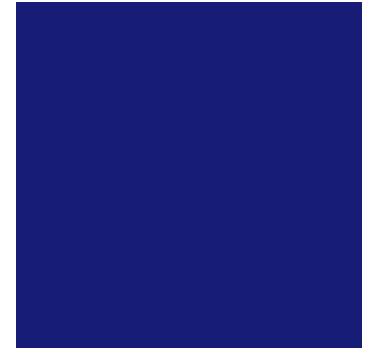


# Accessibility for Foreign Language and Linguistics

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# Outline

- About Me
- Language Tagging
- Unicode Fonts
- Linguistic Notation and Tables
  - Tree Diagrams (this session)
  - Gloss Tables
  - Grammar Tables (no cell merges)
  - Vowel Diagrams
  - Phonetic Inventories
  - Phonetics ≠ MathML



# About Me

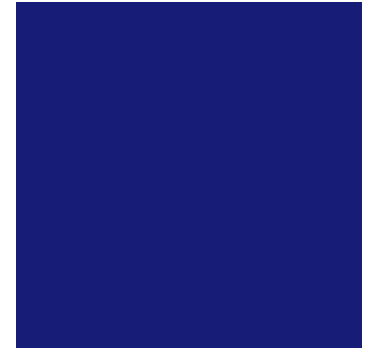
- Degree in Linguistics
  - Celtic language dissertation
- Instructional Designer
  - Interests in Unicode
  - Manager advocated accessibility (2000)
- Accessibility
  - Math, Spanish, STEM, PDF, PPT, Word, HTML, ...



# Language Tagging



# Language Tagging Controls



- Metadata on document language
  - Pronunciation engine in TTS
  - Cataloging
  - Controls spell checking in Microsoft
    - Le français est une langue indo-européenne de la famille des langues romanes dont les locuteurs sont appelés «francophones».  
–fr.wikipedia.org

# Does it **REALLY** matter?



- Part of WCAG 2.2
  - A: Set document language
  - AA: Set section language
- Heteronyms (Span/English)
  - A, van, saber, once, quince, Chile
  - A, van, saber, once, quince, Chile
- International Screen Reader Audience
  - Need to switch languages

# Audio Demo Spanish in JAWS

Audio reads part of text below



The screenshot shows a web browser window with the address bar containing 'E:\aLangTest.html'. The page title is 'Language Tag Tests'. Below the title is a section titled 'Spanish Tagging'. The text below this section reads: 'Only the second list item is tagged as being in Spanish.' There are two identical bullet points in a list, each containing a paragraph of Spanish text: '¡Hola mundo! – bienvenidos a Denver. La Reina Letizia realizará este viernes, 7 de noviembre, su segundo viaje oficial en solitario fuera de nuestras fronteras, tras estrenarse en Viena la semana pasada, y esta vez su destino será un país que, aseguran, la tiene completamente fascinada: Portugal.'



# Heteronyms (VoiceOver)

Audio reads text below

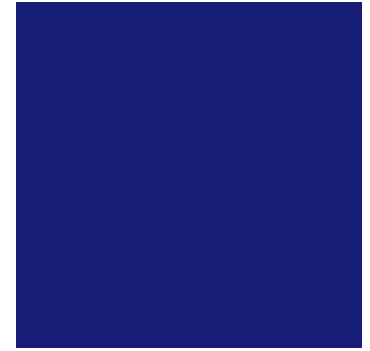
- Tacky...with a Twist
  - Letizia Ortiz Rocasolano (Oviedo, 15 de septiembre de 1972) es la reina consorte de España por su matrimonio con el rey Felipe VI.
  
- Incorrect
  - México, Argentina
  
- Problematic
  - No dice, once, saber, van, hay, a vs.
  - No dice, once, saber, van, hay, a





# Implementation

- Microsoft Word
  - Set (Proofing) Language
  - Exports LANG tag to PDF
- HTML
  - <html, div, p, span, i...>
    - lang="en, es, fr, de,..."
- ISO-639 Standards
  - [ISO-639](#) (2 letters),
  - [ISO-639-3](#) (3 letters, ext)
    - **sgn** = Signed languages (some families)
    - **ase** = American Sign Language
  - [ISO-693-5](#) for language families
    - Romance = **roa** or **ine:itc:roa**



# Multilingual and Code Switching

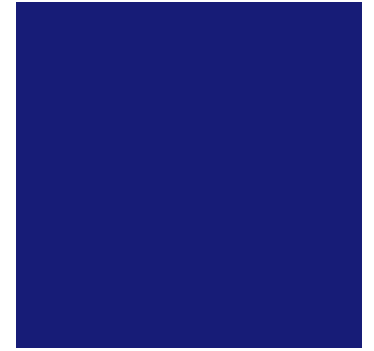


- “The present indicative is used to express actions or states of being in a present time frame. For example:”
  - *Soy alto* (I am tall). (Subject pronoun “yo” not required and not routinely used).
  - *Ella canta en el club* (She sings in the club).
- juuyeah RT @whatsupleticia: *Sinhá Moça* is a brazilian novela, que the white people maltrata the black people, rialto

# Minority Languages?

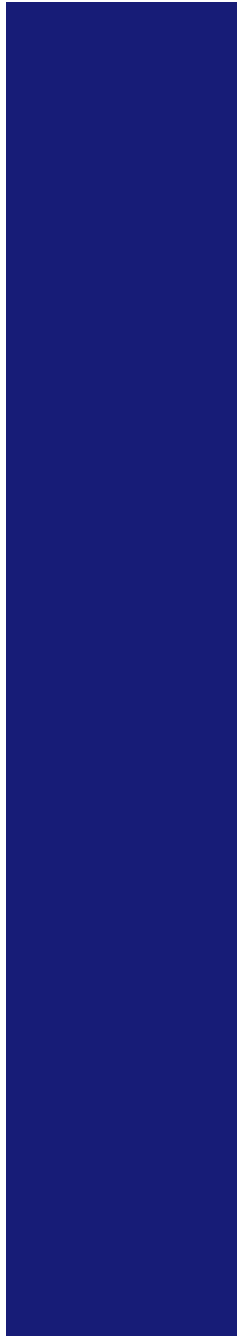
- Language codes exist
  - **cy** (Welsh), **ang** (Old English), **sw** (Swahili), **tt** (Tatar), **chr** (Cherokee)
- Dialects (**en-US**, **en-GB**, **en-CA**)
- Macrolanguage
  - Chinese (**zh**) or “Sinitic Languages” (**zhx**)
    - Mandarin (**cmn**), Cantonese (**yue**), Wu (**wuu**),...
  - **sr** (Serbian), **hr** (Croatian), **bs** (Bosnian), **cnr** (Montenegrin)
    - **sh** (Serbo-Croatian) or **hbs** (“Serbo-Croatian” the family?)
- Specify script ([ISO 15924](#))
  - **tt-Latn** vs **tt-Cyrl**
  - **hi-Latn**, **ru-Latn** (?), **en-Brai** (in BRF files)
  - IPA?

# Localization Standards



- Keyboards for different scripts
- Voice Recognition
- Voice Synthesis (for screen readers and more)
- Optical Character Recognition
- Localization (X in language Y)
- Welsh Examples
  - [GALLU Speech Recognition](#)
  - [Welsh TTS Voices](#)

# Unicode Fonts



# Unicode Standard

- ASCII...but for every character
  - Assigns a number to all characters in all scripts...including emojis, phonetic symbols, math
    - 0-127 = ASCII
    - 128-255 = Latin 1
    - Up to millions
- Enables email, Wikipedia, social media...

Tatar (/ˈtɑːtər/ “ТАН-tər” **татар теле**, tatar tele or **татарча**, tatarça) is a Turkic language spoken by the Volga Tatars mainly located in modern Tatarstan (European Russia), as well as Siberia.

–*Wikipedia*

## 3 Scripts

- **Татар теле** (Cyrillic)  
tatar tele (Latin)  
تاتار تلي • تاتار تلي (Persian)

# Before Unicode

Including many PDFs

- Just ASCII or “8-bit”
- Specialty ASCII Fonts
  - Regular – **a b c d**
    - = a b c d (ASCII/screen reader)
  - Greek (“Symbol”) –  $\alpha \beta \gamma \delta \theta \xi$ 
    - = a b g d q j
  - Phonetic - **ə ʃ ʒ ʔ**
    - = @ S Z ?
  - Braille ASCII (BRF) - **„abc #abc**
    - = „ abc #abc (=123)



# Input Non-English Unicode

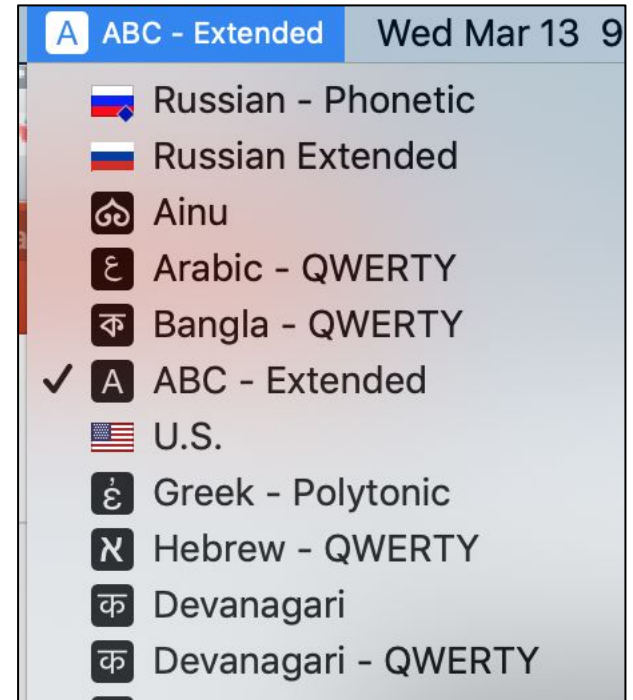
- Keyboard Codes
  - E.g. ¿ = ALT+0191 (Win) or OPT+? (Mac)
- Keyboard Utilities
  - International Keyboard (Win) or other lang
  - ABC Extended (Mac)
  - Russian QWERTY/Phonetic or "native"
    - Most major scripts
- Keyboard Shorteners (e.g. aText)
  - ]d = đ \d = đ ;all = ▼
- Stray Characters
  - Character Map (Win)
  - Emoji & Symbols (Mac)





# Keyboard Setup

- Available to ALL users
  - [Windows keyboard utilities](#)
  - [Mac keyboard utilities](#)
- QWERTY/Phonetic vs. Native layouts
  - Arabic Qwerty, etc.
    - E.g. Arabic letters in English keyboard positions
    - Even East Asian languages
  - Native
    - Keyboard mimics Arabic typewriter



# Is it Unicode? (PDF)

## ■ Test:

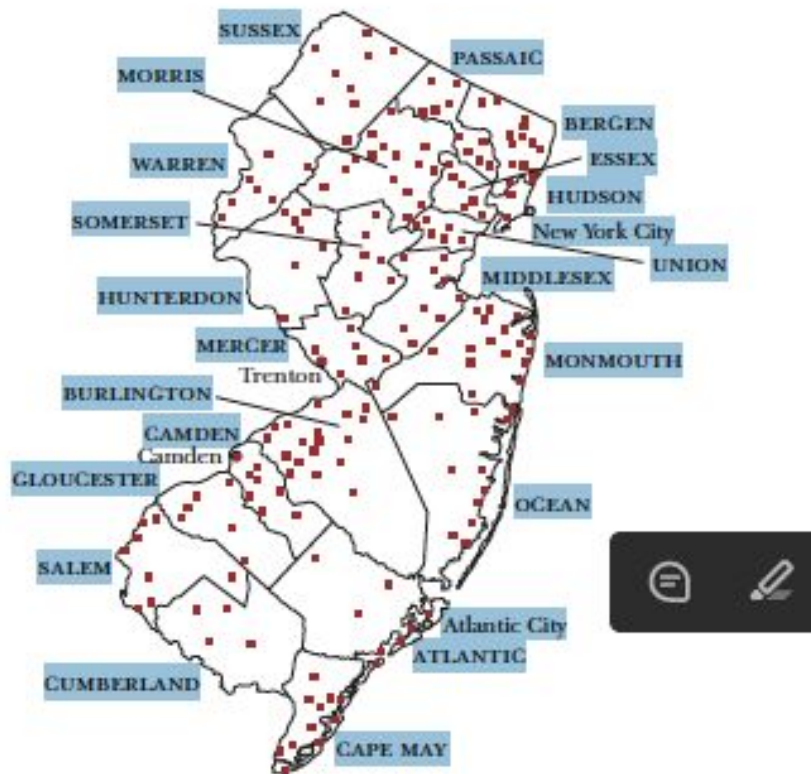
- Copy sample text and paste it into another file
- It should have the same characters

## ■ Gotchas

- Differ, influence → "di2er, in̄uence"
- Coptic (Biblical)
  - **ΧΡΗCΤΟC** (Χριστός) → CrHstos (Χριστός)
  - **ΞΕΘΝΟC** (ἔθνος) → heqnos (ἔθνος)
- ∫ 3 θ ? → "Z S T 6"
- ∇ Ε → "Θ ÷"

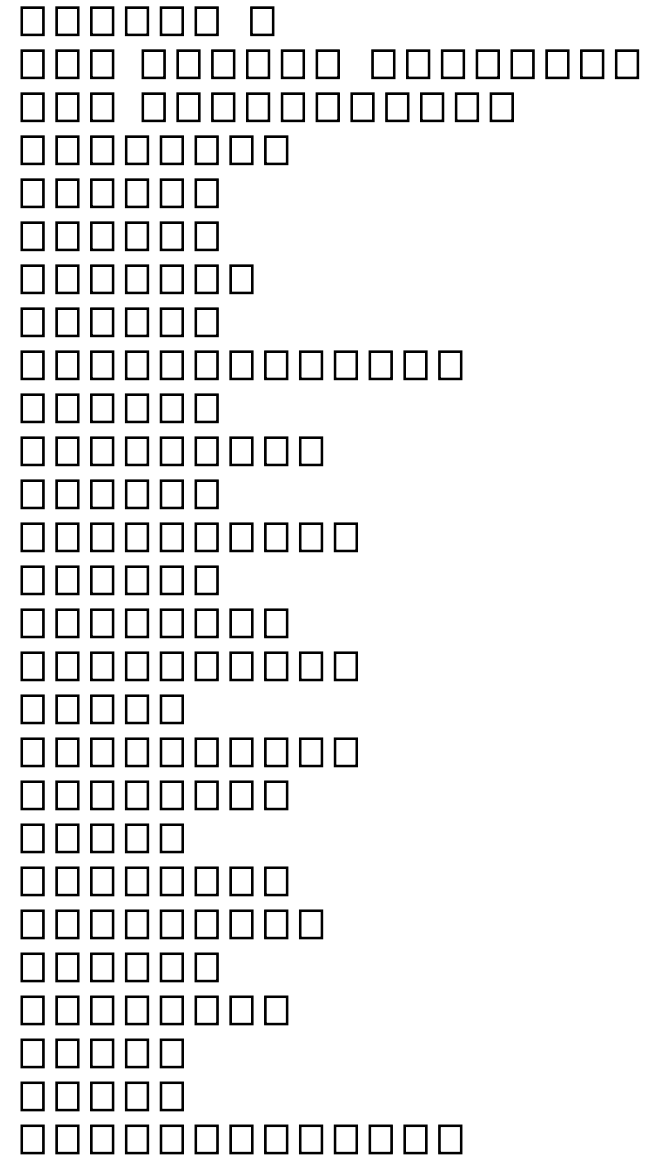
# Is it even text?

**FIGURE 2**  
**New Jersey Counties and Communities Surveyed**



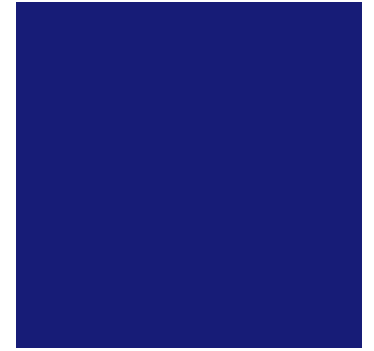
# It used to be...

FIGURE 2  
New Jersey Counties and Communities Surveyed

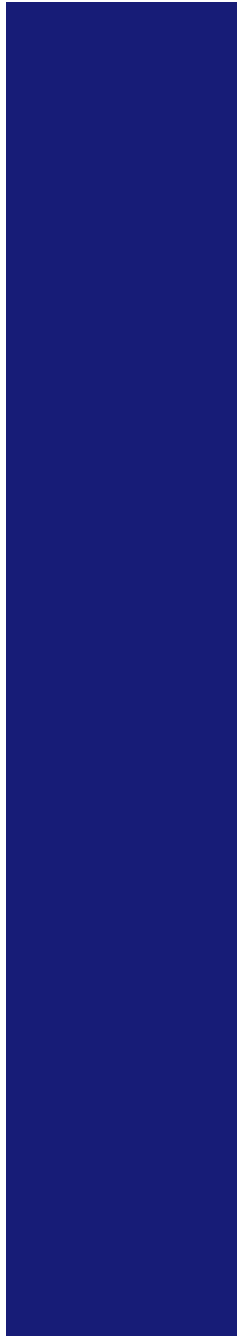


# Some Encoding Sites

- [Unicode.org](http://Unicode.org)
- [Script Encoding Initiative](http://ScriptEncodingInitiative.org) (Berkeley)
- [MUFI.info](http://MUFI.info) (Medieval Unicode Font Initiative)
- (Google Search)
- Many offer free fonts

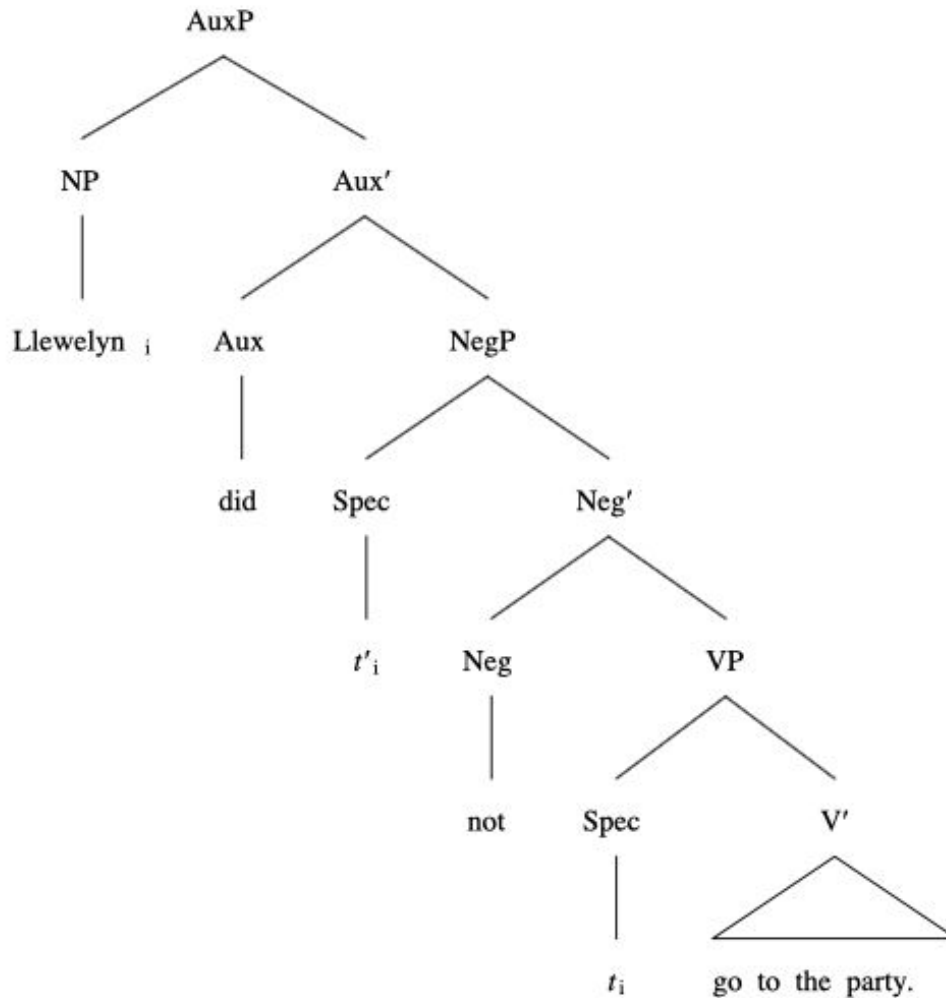


# Linguistic Tables and Trees



# Tree Diagram

Long Description Required



# Alternate Formats

## Linear

$[_{\text{AuxP}} [_{\text{NP}} \text{Llewelyn}_i] [_{\text{Aux}'} [_{\text{Aux}} \text{did}]$   
 $[_{\text{NegP}} [_{\text{Spec}} t'_i] [_{\text{Neg}'} [_{\text{Neg}} \text{not}]$   
 $[_{\text{VP}} [_{\text{Spec}} t_{i-}] [_{\text{V}'} \text{go to the party.}]]]]]]$

## Stacked

$[_{\text{AuxP}} [_{\text{NP}} \text{Llewelyn}_i]$   
 $[_{\text{Aux}'} [_{\text{Aux}} \text{did}]$   
 $[_{\text{NegP}} [_{\text{Spec}} t'_i]$   
 $[_{\text{Neg}'} [_{\text{Neg}} \text{not}]$   
 $[_{\text{VP}} [_{\text{Spec}} t_{i-}]$   
 $[_{\text{V}'} \text{go to the party.}]]]]]]$



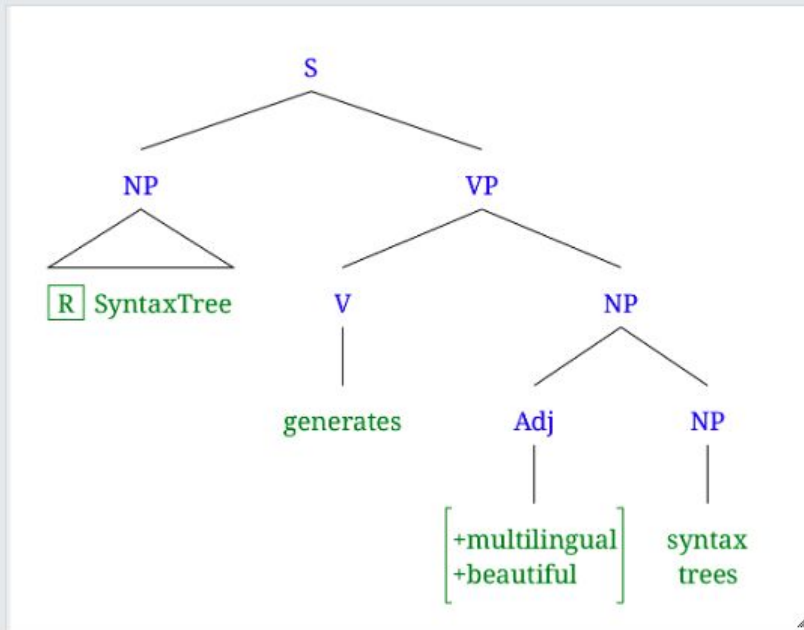
# R Syntax Tree

[yohasebe.com/rsyntaxtree](http://yohasebe.com/rsyntaxtree)



## RSyntaxTree

Syntax tree generator made with Ruby



Left-click to focus; right-click to save image  
Image-area and text-area are vertically resizable

```
1 |S
2 | [NP |R| SyntaxTree]
3 | [VP
4 |   [V generates]
5 |   [NP
6 |     [Adj #\+multilingual\
7 |       \+beautiful]
8 |     [NP syntax\
9 |       trees]
10 |   ]
11 | ]
12 | ]
```

In version 1.0, the tree drawing syntax has changed significantly.  
Please see the [documentation](#) and [examples](#).

# Gloss Tables

Don't use Tabs

- Wnaethon ni ddim mynd i'r parti. (Welsh)
  - We didn't go to the party.

<b>Wnaethon</b>	<b>ni</b>	<b>ddim</b>	<b>mynd</b>	<b>i'r</b>	<b>parti</b>
Did.1p	we	not	go.VN	to'the	party

'We didn't go to the party.'

# Gloss Tables Reformatted

Hide the borders

- Wnaethon ni ddim mynd i'r parti. (Welsh)
  - We didn't go to the party.

<b>Wnaethon</b>	<b>ni</b>	<b>ddim</b>	<b>mynd</b>	<b>i'r</b>	<b>parti</b>
Did.1p	we	not	go.VN	to'the	party
<i>'We didn't go to the party.'</i>					

# Vowel Inventory: Add Labels

No tabs, and don't merge cells

Latin Vowels (Tabs)

**i**      **u**  
**e**      **o**  
      **a**

Latin Vowels (Table)

Place	Front	Central	Back
High	<b>i</b>	--	<b>u</b>
Mid	<b>e</b>	--	<b>o</b>
Low	--	<b>a</b>	--

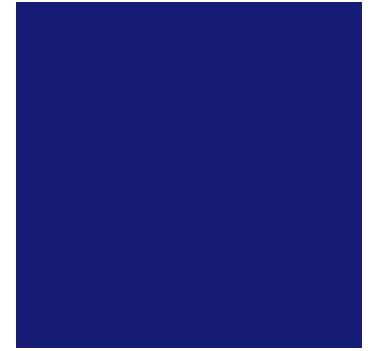


# Inaccessible Grammar Table



Case ↕	feminine		masculine		neuter	
	1 sg.	1 pl.	2 sg.	2 pl.	2n sg.	2n pl.
Nominative	<b>puella</b>	<b>puellae</b>	<b>dominus</b>	<b>dominī</b>	<b>bellum</b>	<b>bella</b>
Vocative	<b>puella</b>	<b>puellae</b>	<b>domine</b>	<b>dominī</b>	<b>bellum</b>	<b>bella</b>
Accusative	<b>puellam</b>	<b>puellās</b>	<b>dominum</b>	<b>dominōs</b>	<b>bellum</b>	<b>bella</b>
Genitive	<b>puellae</b>	<b>puellārum</b>	<b>dominī</b>	<b>dominōrum</b>	<b>bellī</b>	<b>bellōrum</b>
Dative	<b>puellae</b>	<b>puellīs</b>	<b>dominō</b>	<b>dominīs</b>	<b>bellō</b>	<b>bellīs</b>
Ablative	<b>puellā</b>	<b>puellīs</b>	<b>dominō</b>	<b>dominīs</b>	<b>bellō</b>	<b>bellīs</b>

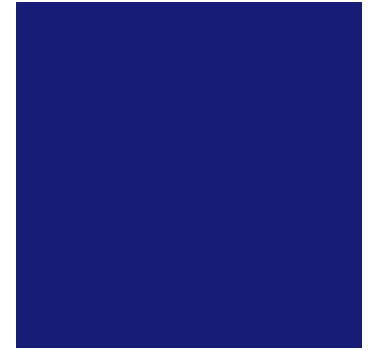
# Another Inaccessible Table



<b>1st sg.</b>	<i>I</i>	<b>amō</b>	I love
<b>2nd sg.</b>	<i>you sg.</i>	<b>amās</b>	you sg. love
<b>3rd sg.</b>	<i>he, she, it</i>	<b>amat</b>	he, she, it loves
<b>1st pl.</b>	<i>we</i>	<b>amāmus</b>	we love
<b>2nd pl.</b>	<i>you pl.</i>	<b>amātis</b>	you pl. love
<b>3rd pl.</b>	<i>they</i>	<b>amant</b>	they love

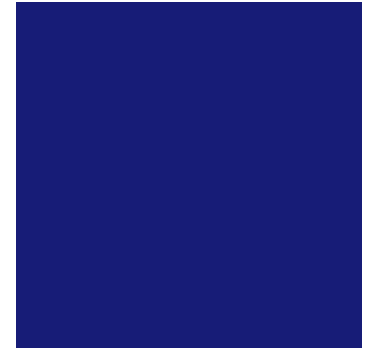
# Ideally...

- Split large table into separate entities
- Recode labels
- Include headers
- Ensure coherent data reading order
- Don't use blank rows/columns for spacing
- **DO NOT MERGE CELLS!!**



# MathML <> Phonetics

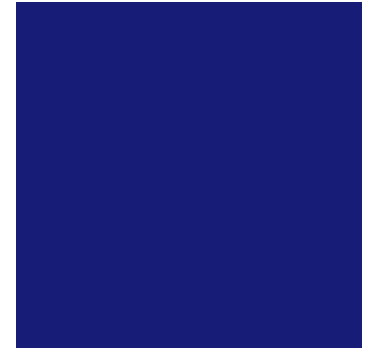
- Phonetic characters not recognized
- Language tagging manual
- Need to use `<mtext>` or `\text{}` functions for `[-nasal]`, etc.
- Recommend plain text or images instead
- Insert true Unicode minus sign as needed





# Plain Text: English Plurals

1.  $\emptyset \rightarrow \emptyset / C_{[+strident]} / z /_{[+plural]}$ 
  - a. cruises, vices, judges, churches, massages, foxes, ashes
  
2.  $z /_{[+plural]} \rightarrow [-voice] / C_{[-voice]} \#$   
 $z /_{[+plural]} \rightarrow [s] / C_{[-voice]} \#$ 
  - a. kicks, pats, taps, cliffs, sixths, Bachs



# The End

■ Questions?

